



PO 105.4: Refugee and Repatriate Assistance (RRA)

Refugees and repatriates receive cash and medical from a special Federal program. The category designator for these cases is 00.

a. Refugee Resettlement Program (RRP)

Refugees who do not meet the requirements for TANF or AABD can get help from the Refugee Resettlement Program (**RRP**). A person can only receive help from this program for a limited time period after they enter the U.S. RRP is for:

- A person admitted to the U.S. as a refugee, asylee, or conditional entrant.
- A resident noncitizen who was formerly a refugee.
- An Amerasian immigrant from Vietnam, and close family members, admitted through the Orderly Departure Program beginning March 20, 1988.
- A Cuban or Haitian granted parole or issued a valid Form I-94 or other documentation by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), on or after April 21, 1980.

b. Repatriate Program

Only a U.S. citizen and their family referred by the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) can receive help from the Repatriate Program. This person/family is referred after being sent back to the U.S. from another country because they lacked money, were physically or mentally ill, or were threatened by war or other crisis.

A repatriate cannot receive cash and medical for more than 90 days. They must repay DHS for the help when they can.

